

CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY

INFORMATION REPORT

This Document contains information affecting the National Defense of the United States, within the meaning of Title 18. Sections 793 and 794, of the U.S. Code, as amended. Its transmission or revelation of its contents to or receipt by an unauthorized person is prohibited by law. The reproduction of this form is prohibited.

CONFIDENTIAL/CONTROL - U.S. OFFICIALS ONLY

SECURITY INFORMATION

SUBJECT

Hung Men Hoe Seng Association

Elections

NO. OF PAGES

1

REPORT NO.

25X1A

18 September 1953

NO. OF PAGES

1

PLACE ACQUIRED

REFERENCES

THE SOURCE EVALUATIONS IN THIS REPORT ARE DEFINITIVE.

THE APPRAISAL OF CONTENT IS TENTATIVE.

(FOR KEY SEE REVERSE)

25X1X

SOURCE:

- The Hung Men Hos Seng Association elections held on 31 August 1953 resulted in a sound defeat for the Chinese Communists. An anti-Communist slate was elected with the exception of one compromise pro-Communist. LEE Sui-tjung was again elected elder brother.
- 2. The Communists made a big effort to gain control of all top executive positions. The anti-Communist slate was presented in order to create a showdown.
- 3. The anti-Communists successfully demanded that only members of the Executive Committee be allowed to vote. This action gave the anti-Communists a majority. After the election, which was conducted in an atmosphere of threatened violence, the Communists demanded a new vote but were ignored.

25X1A 25X1A 1. Comment. from the same source gives a thorough back-ground of the Hung Men Hoe Seng Association, which began as an anti-Manchu secret society. LEE Sui-tjung is probably identical with LI Swee-chong who, according to the above mentioned report, was elected chairman of the Executive Committee on 29 June 1952.

25X1A

CONFIDENTIAL/CONTROL - U.S. OFFICIALS ONLY